Supplemental Material

Early Postnatal Exposure to Ultrafine Particulate Matter Air Pollution: Persistent Ventriculomegaly, Neurochemical Disruption, and Glial Activation Preferentially in Male Mice

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Figure S1. Relative quantitation of glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP) immunoreactivity in Air- and CAPS-exposed males and females in the hippocampus, dentate gyrus, cortex, midbrain, striatum, corpus callosum, and anterior commissure. Data reported as percent PND14 sex-specific control by time point ±SE. (n=5 animals/sex/treatment/time point). TP indicates main effect of time point, TX indicates main effect of CAPS treatment, TP x TX indicates their statistical interaction. * indicates statistically different (p<0.05, two-tailed) from time point-specific control.
Figure S2. Relative quantitation of ionized calcium-binding adaptor molecule 1 (IBA-1) immunoreactivity in Air- and CAPS-exposed males in the anterior commissure and hippocampus. Data reported as percent PND14 sex-specific control by time point ±SE. (n=5 animals/sex/treatment/time point). TP indicates main effect of time point, TX indicates main effect of CAPS treatment, TP x TX indicates their statistical interaction.

* Indicates statistically different (p<0.05, two-tailed) from time point-specific control.