Supplemental Material

Suicide and Ambient Temperature in East Asian Countries: A Time-Stratified Case-Crossover Analysis

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Figure S2. Yearly trend of suicide rates on national levels by age groups in Korea, Japan, and Taiwan. Suicide and population data were obtained from Statistics Korea, Ministry of Strategy and Finance in South Korea, Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare (for suicide) and Statistics Bureau, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (for population) in Japan, and
Department of Statistics, Ministry of Health and Welfare (for suicide) and Department of Statistics, Ministry of the Interior (for population) in Taiwan.

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**Figure S7.** Lagged effect estimates for temperature on suicide according to single lags. PC indicates percent change of suicide risk corresponding to a SD/2-increase of mean temperature, adjusting for sunshine duration, relative humidity, atmospheric pressure, long-term time-trend, and month.

**Figure S8.** Lagged effect estimates for temperature on suicide according to moving averages. PC indicates percent change of suicide risk corresponding to a SD/2-increase of mean temperature, adjusting for sunshine duration, relative humidity, atmospheric pressure, long-term time-trend, and month.