Notes to readers with disabilities: EHP strives to ensure that all journal content is accessible to all readers. However, some figures and Supplemental Material published in EHP articles may not conform to 508 standards due to the complexity of the information being presented. If you need assistance accessing journal content, please contact ehp508@niehs.nih.gov. Our staff will work with you to assess and meet your accessibility needs within 3 working days.

Supplemental Material

Effects of Neonicotinoid Pesticides on Promoter-Specific Aromatase (CYP19) Expression in Hs578t Breast Cancer Cells and the Role of the VEGF Pathway

Élyse Caron-Beaudoin, Rachel Viau, and J. Thomas Sanderson

Table of Contents

Figure S1. Viability of Hs578t cells exposed for 24 h to various concentrations of thiacloprid and imidacloprid. Results are presented as percentage of DMSO controls. No statistically significant difference between pesticide treatments and DMSO control were detected (one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnet post-hoc test). Each experiment was performed twice using a different cell passage; per experiment each concentration was tested in triplicate.